Special Broadcasting Service Corporation

Entity resources and planned performance

Special Broadcasting Service Corporation

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Special Broadcasting Service Corporation

Section 1: Entity overview and resources

1.1 Strategic direction statement

The Special Broadcasting Service Corporation (SBS) is a national broadcasting and media service that provides multicultural and multilingual television, radio and digital media services that inform, educate and entertain all Australians. SBS's purpose is to inspire all Australians to explore, respect and celebrate our diverse world, and in doing so, contribute to a cohesive society. SBS and its functions are guided by its Charter in section 6 of the *Special Broadcasting Service Act 1991* (SBS Act).

SBS is unique in the Australian media landscape

The SBS Charter, hybrid funding model, multiplatform content offering, and breadth of in-language services (more than 60 languages), set SBS apart from other Australian and global broadcasters and media providers. SBS is the most multilingual broadcaster in the world, and is also home to NITV (National Indigenous Television), the only national broadcasting and media service made by and for Indigenous Australians. The network's unique position in the industry enables it to present compelling, distinctive and thought-provoking content that no other Australian media organisation provides. SBS was established to positively contribute to Australia's social outcomes, recognising Australia is a nation built on migration. For over 45 years, SBS has played an essential role in Australia's success as a multicultural society.

SBS supports broader social and policy objectives

SBS contributes to the ongoing development of a vibrant and cohesive multicultural Australian society through its broad offering of multilingual and multicultural radio, television and digital programs and services to meet the needs of multicultural and First Nations Australians.

Recent census results show that Australia is more multilingual than ever. Since 2011, the number of people 'not only using English at home' increased to more than 5.6 million in 2021, representing an increase of more than 1.5 million since 2011 and nearly 800,000 since 2016 – growing at almost double the rate of the general population. A further 3.2 per cent of the population identify as Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander.

With this increasing cultural and linguistic diversity, there is even greater need to build mutual understanding and respect between different sections of the community. SBS is inherently multilingual with an accelerating multifaceted language strategy to serve Australia's language communities as they grow and change.

Delivering on SBS's purpose and Charter in the upcoming years sees continued focus on SBS offering a distinctive network across both traditional and digital platforms to allow a diverse array of views and voices to be represented in mainstream media. SBS will continue to evolve its services to meet the needs of audiences, reflecting changes in social and demographic composition, technological developments and innovation. SBS has a unique ability to reach Australia's many language communities through its multiplatform services in English and over 60 languages. SBS provides a forum for debate and discussion vital to Australia's ability to address significant issues facing communities and our society as a whole. By providing trusted news and information, and a platform for civic debate – in a broad range of Australia's languages – SBS's services are vital to Australian democracy, and a sense of belonging for all Australians.

In addition to the news and information services on radio and digital media, SBS produces SBS World News and Nula (NITV news and current affairs) seven days a week, and produces television news bulletins in Arabic and Mandarin five days a week, with all services delivering accurate and up-to-date information. The importance of NITV as a news source is increasingly apparent against the background of national discourse on issues including constitutional change and Indigenous recognition.

SBS remains a trustworthy source of diverse stories and perspectives

In a world of growing polarisation of views in the media, developing and maintaining trust with audiences will continue to be a challenge for traditional media, social media and digital platforms. Public broadcasting plays an important role in providing balanced and impartial news, setting the tone of public and media discourse and ensuring diverse stories and perspectives are presented, particularly in a landscape where ownership of broadcast television and multinational digital platforms is becoming more concentrated. SBS continues to be one of Australia's most trusted news sources with a long-held and well-earned reputation for quality news and analysis on global events, especially issues across multicultural and First Nations Australia. SBS is also making more Australian content than ever before, including distinctive dramas and factual programming that truly reflect our community.

SBS will look to further its value across policy portfolios. Our aim is to unlock the full potential value of existing services and activities, while preserving our editorial independence.

Traditional broadcast television continues to represent the majority of free-to-air viewing in Australia. However, an ongoing proliferation of new local and international streaming video on demand (SVOD) options is continuing to drive changes in how Australians consume video content.

COVID-19 saw positive audience growth, with SBS acting as a trusted source of information in the context of increasing misinformation, however well-established trends have resumed with consumption across all age groups declining since 2017. Intense competition for audiences and content from the new streaming services means that maintaining overall audience consumption (on television and online) for all broadcasters, including SBS, will be more challenging in the coming years.

While COVID impacts on content supply and pricing, inflation, and the rise in commissioning costs stemming from increased competition for content will continue to place pressure on SBS's acquisitions costs base, they are expected to normalise in the medium term. SBS also maintains strong relationships with key suppliers in genres that are strategically important (e.g. documentaries, drama, food, foreign movies) to SBS's multichannel and multiplatform strategy.

New entrants to the market may impact SBS's competitive standing when they compete directly with SBS for content and/or compete with SBS for audience time.

However, it is worth noting that not all new market entrants have an impact on SBS – for example those which focus on premium sports or children's content. SBS's distinctive voice and unique content offering sets it apart from its competitors.

SBS's response to these challenges will be informed by its purpose and values

Against the background of increasing competition but also a growing need for SBS's purpose of inspiring all Australians to explore, respect and celebrate our diverse world, and in doing so, contribute to a cohesive society, SBS will:

- 1. Maintain SBS's competitive difference in a crowded market for audiences through Australian stories, local production and Indigenous and multicultural content, and continue to elevate the role of our trusted news and information.
- 2. Continue our journey as a contemporary multilingual broadcaster as Australia becomes even more multicultural and linguistically diverse, making our purpose even more relevant.
- 3. Further SBS's ability to provide essential information to our stakeholder communities and become an essential partner to government agencies while preserving editorial independence.
- 4. Drive awareness of Indigenous affairs and take a leadership role on reconciliation in Australia via our Elevate Reconciliation Action Plan.
- 5. Optimise our digital, data, commercialisation and technology capabilities to deliver enhanced audience experiences across all platforms in a cost-effective way.
- 6. Keep our staff safe as we manage ongoing impacts of COVID-19, while implementing our new ways of working and focusing on the employee experience to attract and retain the best talent.
- 7. Make SBS a great and inclusive place to work via our next iteration of our Inclusion, Equity and Diversity Strategy which will also deliver benefits to our industry and stakeholders.

1.2 Entity resource statement

Table 1.1 shows the total funding from all sources available to SBS for its operations and to deliver programs and services on behalf of the Government.

The table summarises how resources will be applied by outcome (government strategic policy objectives) and by departmental (for SBS's operations) classification.

Information in this table is presented on a resourcing (that is, appropriations/cash available) basis, whilst the 'Budgeted expenses by Outcome 1' tables in Section 2 and the financial statements in Section 3 are presented on an accrual basis.

Table 1.1: SBS resource statement — Budget estimates for 2022-23 as at Budget October 2022

	2021-22	2022-23
	Estimated	Estimate
	actual	
	\$'000	\$'000
Opening balance/cash reserves at 1 July	11,790	9,253
Funds from Government		
Annual appropriations - ordinary annual services (a)		
Outcome 1	310,021	316,805
Total annual appropriations	310,021	316,805
Total funds from Government	310,021	316,805
Funds from other sources		
Interest	616	1,800
Royalties	1,254	1,300
Sale of goods and services	152,912	175,880
Other	-	454
Total funds from other sources	154,782	179,434
Total net resourcing for SBS	476,593	505,492

Average staffing level (number) 2021-22 2022-23 1,249 1,352

Prepared on a resourcing (that is, appropriations available) basis.

All figures shown above are GST exclusive – these may not match figures in the cash flow statement. (a) Appropriation Bill (No. 1) 2022-23, Supply Bill (No. 3) 2022-23 and Supply Act (No. 1) 2022-23.

SBS is not directly appropriated as it is a corporate Commonwealth entity. Appropriations are made to the Department of Infrastructure, Transport, Regional Development, Communications and the Arts (a non-corporate Commonwealth entity), which are then paid to SBS and are considered 'departmental' for all purposes.

1.3 Budget measures

There are no measures for SBS for the 2022-23 October Budget.

Section 2: Outcomes and planned performance

Government outcomes are the intended results, impacts or consequences of actions by the Government on the Australian community. Commonwealth programs are the primary vehicle by which government entities achieve the intended results of their outcome statements. Entities are required to identify the programs which contribute to government outcomes over the Budget and forward years.

Each outcome is described below together with its related programs. The following provides detailed information on expenses for each outcome and program, further broken down by funding source.

Note:

Performance reporting requirements in the Portfolio Budget Statements are part of the Commonwealth performance framework established by the *Public Governance, Performance and Accountability Act 2013.* It is anticipated that the performance measure described in Portfolio Budget Statements will be read with broader information provided in an entity's corporate plans and annual performance statements – included in Annual Reports - to provide a complete picture of an entity's planned and actual performance.

The most recent corporate plan for (SBS) can be found at: <u>https://www.sbs.com.au/aboutus/sites/sbs.com.au.aboutus/files/sbs_corporate_plan_fy22-23.pdf</u>

The most recent annual performance statement can be found at: https://www.sbs.com.au/aboutus/sbs-2021-22-annual-report

2.1 Budgeted expenses and performance for Outcome 1

Outcome 1: Provide multilingual and multicultural services that inform, educate and entertain all Australians and in so doing reflect Australia's multicultural society

Budgeted expenses for Outcome 1

This table shows how much SBS intends to spend (on an accrual basis) on achieving the outcome, broken down by program.

Table 2.1.1: Budgeted expenses	tor Outco	me 1			
	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25	2025-26
	Estimated	Budget	Forward	Forward	Forward
	actual		estimate	estimate	estimate
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Program 1.1: SBS General Operational	Activities				
Revenue from Government					
Ordinary annual services					
(Appropriation Bill No. 1)	240,175	245,701	259,624	256,750	258,318
Expenses not requiring appropriation in					
the Budget year	-	19,500	-	-	-
Revenues from other independent					
sources	148,989	179,078	158,951	163,562	168,376
Total expenses for Program 1.1	389,164	444,279	418,575	420,312	426,694
Program 1.2: SBS Transmission and D	istribution S	ervices			
Revenue from Government					
Ordinary annual services					
(Appropriation Bill No. 1)	69,846	71,104	74,362	75,840	80,194
Revenues from other independent					
sources	641	-	-	-	-
Total expenses for Program 1.2	70,487	71,104	74,362	75,840	80,194
Outcome 1 totals by resource type					
Revenue from Government					
Ordinary annual services					
(Appropriation Bill No. 1)	310,021	316,805	333,986	332,590	338,512
Expenses not requiring appropriation in					
the Budget year	-	19,500	-	-	-
Revenues from other independent					
sources	149,630	179,078	158,951	163,562	168,376
Total expenses for Outcome 1	459,651	515,383	492,937	496,152	506,888
-	2021-22	2022-23			
Average staffing level (number)	1,249	1,352			

Table 2.1.1: Budgeted expenses for Outcome 1

Note: Departmental appropriation splits and totals are indicative estimates and may change in the course of the Budget year as government priorities change.

Table 2.1.2: Performance measure for Outcome 1

Table 2.1.2 details the performance measures for each program associated with Outcome 1. It also provides the related key activities as expressed in the current corporate plan where further detail is provided about the delivery of the activities related to the program, the context in which these activities are delivered and how the performance of these activities will be measured. Where relevant, details of 2022-23 Budget measures that have created new programs or materially changed existing programs are provided.

Outcome 1 – Provide multilingual and multicultural services that inform, educate and entertain all Australians and in so doing reflect Australia's multicultural society					
Delivering multiling Australia's multicu	3S General Operational Activities gual and multicultural television, radio a Iltural society and inspire all Australians g so promote social cohesion amongst	to explore and celebrate our diverse			
Key Activities	Content creation, acquisition, curation and	content commercialisation			
Year	Performance measures	Expected Performance Results			
Prior year 2021-22	Number of hours of TV programming broadcast in CALD – all linear channels	Target: 28,500 hours Actual: 30,713 hours of CALD programming broadcast Target met			
	Number of hours of locally commissioned programs broadcast (first run) all linear channels except NITV ^(a)	Target: 180 hours Actual: 267 hours Target met			
	Number of hours of locally commissioned programs broadcast (first run) NITV ^(a)	Target: 45 hours Actual: 21 hours – due to ongoing COVID-19 disruptions on Indigenous productions impacting the final delivery of content Target not met			
	Percentage of radio broadcasts in languages other than English	Target: 90% Actual: 96% Target met			
	Total Digital Registrations	Target: 10.2 million Actual: 10.6 million Target met			
Year	Performance measures	Planned Performance Results			
Budget year 2022-23	Number of hours of TV programming broadcast in CALD – all linear channels	34,300 hours of CALD programming broadcast			
	Number of hours of locally commissioned programs broadcast (first run) all linear channels except NITV ^(a)	272 hours			

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Year	Performance measures	Planned Performance Results
Budget year 2022-23 cont.	Number of hours of locally commissioned content broadcast (first run) on NITV ^(b)	100 hours
	Percentage of radio broadcasts in languages other than English	90%
	Total Digital Registrations	11.6 million
Forward Estimates 2023-26	As per 2022-23	As per 2022-23 except: Number of hours of locally commissioned content broadcast (first run) all linear channels except NITV ^(b) • 2023-26: 180 hours Total Digital Registrations: • 2023-24: 12.3 million • 2024-25: 12.8 million • 2025-26: 13.2 million

(a) In 2021-22 and previous years, this measure included commissioned and in-house productions but excluded news and current affairs, special events and sports programming. See note (b) below for change for 2022-23.

(b) The number of hours of locally commissioned content broadcast (first run) on NITV will include (from 2022-23 onwards) all NITV commissioned and in-house produced programs excluding network repeats, sport events and highlights programs, and news and current affairs. Previously, the definition was narrower, excluding special events and all sports programming. This change has been made to be more consistent with the equivalent metric for 'all linear channels except NITV' and better represent the breadth of NITV's output.

Program 1.2 – SBS Transmission and Distribution Services To make SBS Television and Radio services available to all Australians to enable them to receive multilingual and multicultural services that inform, educate and entertain.							
Key Activities Content broadcast and transmission							
Year	Performance measures	Expected Performance Results					
Prior year 2021-22	Population reach – Digital transmission sites (including VAST Satellite)	Target: 100% Actual: 100% (Target met					
	Availability of digital television transmission services (fully managed services)	Target: 99.82% Actual: 99.96% Target met					
	Population reach for terrestrial services (excluding satellite)	Target: 97% Actual: 98% Target met					
	Availability of Radio transmission services (fully managed services)	Target: 99.86% Actual: 99.99% Target met					

Year	Performance measures	Planned Performance Results
Budget year 2022-23	Population reach – Digital transmission sites (including VAST Satellite)	100%
	Availability of digital television transmission services (fully managed services)	99.82%
	Population reach for terrestrial services (excluding satellite)	97%
	Availability of Radio transmission services (fully managed services)	99.86%
Forward Estimates 2023-26	As per 2022-23	As per 2022-23

Section 3: Budgeted financial statements

Section 3 presents budgeted financial statements which provide a comprehensive snapshot of SBS's finances for the 2022-23 Budget year, including the impact of budget measures and resourcing on financial statements.

3.1 Budgeted financial statements

3.1.1 Differences between entity resourcing and financial statements

The SBS projected operating result for 2022–23 is a loss of \$19.5 million. The operating loss is the result of one-off expenses associated with the broadcast of a major sporting event in 2022-23. SBS, being financially responsible, has preserved three consecutive surpluses generated across 2019-20, 2020-21 and 2021-22 totalling \$17.7 million to proactively manage the estimated impact of this upcoming event. These surpluses will substantially offset the costs associated with this event enabling SBS to broadcast a premium world class sporting event providing significant audience outcomes. SBS has sufficient cash reserves to absorb the estimated loss in 2022-23. The total cash and investment balance is estimated to be \$32.4 million at the end of 2022-23.

Own-source revenue largely generated from sales of goods and services is budgeted at \$179.1 million for 2022–23, the main component being advertising and sponsorship revenue.

3.2 **Budgeted financial statements tables**

Table 3.1: Comprehensive income statement (showing net cost of services) for the period ended 30 June

ne pendu endeu 30 June					
	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25	2025-26
	Estimated	Budget	Forward	Forward	Forward
	actual	\$10.00	estimate	estimate	estimate
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'00(
EXPENSES					
Employee benefits	165,106	177,308	177,108	179,272	181,849
Suppliers	274,014	322,710	298,929	300,337	308,410
Depreciation and amortisation	19,893	14,822	16,402	16,105	16,220
Finance costs	638	543	498	438	403
Total expenses	459,651	515,383	492,937	496,152	506,88
LESS:					
OWN-SOURCE INCOME					
Own-source revenue					
Sale of goods and rendering of					
services	153,413	174,498	154,269	158,579	163,40
Interest	616	1,800	2,200	2,400	2,40
Rental income	1,411	1,382	1,400	1,425	1,44
Royalties	1,254	1,300	1,512	1,500	1,50
Other	133	98	100	150	12
Total own-source revenue	156,827	179,078	159,481	164,054	168,87
Total own-source income	156,827	179,078	159,481	164,054	168,87
Net (cost of)/contribution by services	(302,824)	(336,305)	(333,456)	(332,098)	(338,010
Revenue from Government	310,021	316,805	333,986	332,590	338,51
Surplus/(deficit) attributable to the	0.01070	0.0,000	000,000	002,000	
Australian Government	7,197	(19,500)	530	492	50
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME					
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	7,197	(19,500)	530	492	50
Total comprehensive income/(loss)				-	
attributable to the Australian					
Government	7,197	(19,500)	530	492	502
Note: Impact of net cash appropriation	arrangement	s			
Total comprehensive income/(loss) -					
as per statement of comprehensive					
income	7,197	(19,500)	530	492	50
plus: depreciation/amortisation					
expenses for ROU assets ^(a)	9,404	3,643	3,589	3,625	3,72
less: lease principal repayments ^(a) Net cash operating surplus/ (deficit)	(9,101)	(3,684)	(3,684)	(3,600)	(3,580

Prepared on Australian Accounting Standards basis. (a) Applies to lease arrangements under AASB 16 Leases.

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Table 3.2: Budgeted departmenta	al balance	sneet (as	at 30 Jun	e)	
	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25	2025-26
	Estimated	Budget	Forward	Forward	Forward
	actual		estimate	estimate	estimate
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
ASSETS					
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	9,253	9,719	9,192	8,870	9,098
Trade and other receivables	29,711	29,755	29,756	31,164	31,174
Other investments	32,647	22,679	20,970	16,766	16,954
Total financial assets	71,611	62,153	59,918	56,800	57,226
Non-financial assets					
Land and buildings	113,325	111,323	109,241	106,656	104,030
Property, plant and equipment	47,205	50,985	47,765	42,213	38,094
Intangibles	15,674	14,074	12,974	13,424	13,874
Inventories	93,158	95,670	102,645	105,288	110,241
Other non-financial assets	41,485	15,742	14,243	16,744	15,345
Total non-financial assets	310,847	287,794	286,868	284,325	281,584
Total assets	382,458	349,947	346,786	341,125	338,810
LIABILITIES					
Payables					
Suppliers	35,708	25,782	25,529	25,010	25,882
Other payables	18,008	17,908	17,654	16,702	16,672
Total payables	53,716	43,690	43,183	41,712	42,554
Interest bearing liabilities					
Leases	39,140	35,456	31,772	26,590	22,941
Total interest bearing liabilities	39,140	35,456	31,772	26,590	22,941
Provisions					
Employee provisions	34,776	35,476	35,976	36,476	36,466
Other provisions	1,049	1,048	1,048	1,048	1,048
Total provisions	35,825	36,524	37,024	37,524	37,514
Total liabilities	128,681	115,670	111,979	105,826	103,009
Net assets	253,777	234,277	234,807	235,299	235,801
EQUITY			,	,	
Parent entity interest					
Contributed equity	110,403	110,403	110,403	110,403	110,403
Reserves	96,186	96,186	96,186	96,186	96,186
Retained surplus (accumulated deficit)	47,188	27,688	28,218	28,710	29,212
Total parent entity interest	253,777	234,277	234,807	235,299	235,801
Total equity	253,777	234,277	234,807	235,299	235,801
		- , -	- ,	,	,

Table 3.2: Budgeted departmental balance sheet (as at 30 June)

Prepared on Australian Accounting Standards basis.

	Retained	Asset	Other	Contributed	Total
	earnings	revaluation	reserves	equity/	equity
	\$'000	reserve \$'000	\$'000	capital	\$'000
	\$ 000	\$ 000	\$ 000	\$'000	\$000
Opening balance as at 1 July 2022 Balance carried forward from previous					
period	47,188	96,573	(387)	110,403	253,777
Adjusted opening balance	47,188	96,573	(387)	110,403	253,777
Comprehensive income					
Surplus/(deficit) for the period	(19,500)	-	-	-	(19,500)
Total comprehensive income	(19,500)	-	-	-	(19,500)
of which:					
Attributable to the Australian					
Government	27,688	96,573	(387)	110,403	234,277
Estimated closing balance as at					
30 June 2023	27,688	96,573	(387)	110,403	234,277
Closing balance attributable to the					
Australian Government	27,688	96,573	(387)	110,403	234,277

Table 3.3: Departmental statement of changes in equity — summary of movement (Budget year 2022-23)

Prepared on Australian Accounting Standards basis.

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30 June)					
	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25	2025-26
	Estimated	Budget	Forward	Forward	Forward
	actual	\$1000	estimate	estimate	estimate
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Cash received					
Receipts from Government	310,021	316,805	333,986	332,590	338,512
Sale of goods and rendering of	470.070	404.074	474.005	470.045	400 774
services	173,870	191,074	174,065	176,845	182,771
Interest	544	1,800	2,200	2,400	2,400
Other		600	1,612	1,650	1,627
Total cash received	484,435	510,279	511,863	513,485	525,310
Cash used					
Employees	164,222	177,108	176,609	179,023	181,869
Suppliers	315,106	323,445	323,308	324,950	329,042
Interest payments on lease liability	629	543	498	438	403
Total cash used	479,957	501,096	500,415	504,411	511,314
Net cash from/(used by) operating					
activities	4,478	9,183	11,448	9,074	13,996
INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Cash received					
Proceeds from sales of financial					
instruments	211,524	229,847	222,478	226,024	229,173
Total cash received	211,524	229,847	222,478	226,024	229,173
Cash used					
Purchase of property, plant and					
equipment and intangibles	3,412	15,000	10,000	10,000	10,000
Purchase of financial instruments	206,026	219,880	220,769	221,820	229,361
Total cash used	209,438	234,880	230,769	231,820	239,361
Net cash from/(used by) investing					
activities	2,086	(5,033)	(8,291)	(5,796)	(10,188)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Cash used					
Principal payments on lease liability	9,101	3,684	3,684	3,600	3,580
Total cash used	9,101	3,684	3,684	3,600	3,580
Net cash from/(used by) financing					-
activities	(9,101)	(3,684)	(3,684)	(3,600)	(3,580)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash held	(2,537)	466	(527)	(322)	228
Cash and cash equivalents at the			. /		
beginning of the reporting period	11,790	9,253	9,719	9,192	8,870
Cash and cash equivalents at the					
end of the reporting period	9,253	9,719	9,192	8,870	9,098

Table 3.4: Budgeted departmental statement of cash flows (for the period ended 30 June)

Prepared on Australian Accounting Standards basis.

i able 5.5. Departmental capital t	Judget States		the period		o ouncj
	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25	2025-26
	Estimated	Budget	Forward	Forward	Forward
	actual		estimate	estimate	estimate
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
PURCHASE OF NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS					
Funded internally from departmental resources ^(a)	3,412	15,000	10,000	10,000	10,000
TOTAL	3,412	15,000	10,000	10,000	10,000
RECONCILIATION OF CASH USED TO ACQUIRE ASSETS TO ASSET MOVEMENT TABLE		·		·	
Total purchases	3,412	15,000	10,000	10,000	10,000
Total cash used to acquire assets	3,412	15,000	10,000	10,000	10,000

Table 3.5: Departmental capital budget statement (for the period ended 30 June)

Prepared on Australian Accounting Standards basis.

 (a) Includes the following sources of funding: current Bill 1 and prior year Act 1 appropriations, donations and contributions, gifts, internally developed assets and proceeds from the sale of assets.

	Land	Buildings	Other property, plant and equipment	Computer software and intangibles	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
As at 1 July 2022	•		·	·	•
Gross book value	59,700	47.540	46,325	40,250	193,815
Gross book value - ROU assets Accumulated depreciation/	-	11,725	37,513	-	49,238
amortisation and impairment Accumulated	-	(2,390)	(28,817)	(24,576)	(55,783)
depreciation/amortisation and impairment - ROU assets	-	(3,250)	(7,816)	-	(11,066)
Opening net book balance	59,700	53,625	47,205	15,674	176,204
Capital asset additions			,		
Estimated expenditure on new or replacement assets By purchase - appropriation ordinary					
annual services ^(a)	-	600	12,900	1,500	15,000
Total additions	-	600	12,900	1,500	15,000
Other movements				•	
Depreciation/amortisation expense Depreciation/amortisation on ROU	-	(1,776)	(6,303)	(3,100)	(11,179)
assets	-	(826)	(2,817)	-	(3,643)
Total other movements	-	(2,602)	(9,120)	(3,100)	(14,822)
As at 30 June 2023					
Gross book value	59,700	48,140	59,225	41,750	208,815
Gross book value - ROU assets Accumulated depreciation/	-	11,725	37,513	-	49,238
amortisation and impairment Accumulated depreciation/amortisation and	-	(4,166)	(35,120)	(27,676)	(66,962)
impairment - ROU assets	-	(4,076)	(10,633)	-	(14,709)
Closing net book balance	59,700	51,623	50,985	14,074	176,382

Table 3.6: Statement of departmental asset movements (Budget year 2022-23)

Prepared on Australian Accounting Standards basis. (a) 'Approordinary annual services' refers to funding provided through Appropriation Bill (No. 1) 2022-23 for depreciation/amortisation expenses, DCBs or other operational expenses.