This document comprises questions sent by AAB community members to be addressed at or prior to the AAB meeting on 20 November 2024, with responses.

	Questions	Response	Further action	Deadline
1	Runway closure Saturday 2 Novembe	r 2024		
	On Saturday 2 November, Legacy Runw and departures for the entire day.	ay was shut without any notice to residents for an entire	day. This meant that NPR t	ook all arrivals
	There was no notice on Webtrak, and 4 Facebook to say that it would be shut u	hours or more after the closure had already started Bris ntil 6pm.	bane Airport Corporation pu	ut up a notice c
1.1	Why was notice not given to Brisbane	BAC		
	residents by either BAC or ASA?	The closure was unplanned and occurred due to a pavement failure. It was not possible to provide advance notification.		
1.2	When notice was finally given via a	BAC		
	post on Facebook why was it so delayed?	For planned maintenance related runway closures BAC takes a proactive approach to providing advance notification. However, on this occasion the runway closure was caused by a pavement failure at the juncture of bitumen and concrete surfaces. This appeared to be caused by recent periods of heavy rain that resulted in some sub-surface movement. The runway was closed at around 6am for repairs, with the intention of a rapid repair and a quick restoration of normal operations. Some services are not readily available on weekend days (contracting staff, asphalt plant) and so the repairs took significantly longer than anticipated. The Facebook post was published when it became apparent the closure would be for an extended period of time.		

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		Airservices		
		Airservices is able to provide advance notification via WebTrak and on the NCIS rolling banner of planned operational changes. This particular event was an unplanned issue that resulted in changes to operations. It also occurred on a weekend when our website managers are not available.		
1.3	What other methods did BAC or ASA use to notify residents of this event?	<b>BAC</b> BAC normally uses social media channels and posts on the BNE website to inform residents of significant events. This has been in place for a number of years and feedback has been positive about this approach.	BAC would consider the use of other channels of communication, and would appreciate any suggestions from AAB members.	
1.4	What suggestions do BAC and ASA have for improving the system of notifying Brisbane residents in a timely manner and when can these improvements be implemented?		BAC would consider the use of other channels of communication, and would appreciate any suggestions from AAB members.	
		<b>Airservices</b> Airservices does not currently have any other tools that it could use on weekends to provide notification of unplanned changes.	We are in the process of adding mode information to WebTrak so communities can see what mode is being used.	First half of 2025.
2	Increasing flight numbers It seems that currently the public only g Brisbane Airport Corporation.	get notice of new airline services for Brisbane Airport thr	ough social media announcem	ents from
2.1	Is it correct that there is no process for notifying residents of an increase in flights from an airline, either an increase in frequency of a current	BAC In general, high profile new services (e.g. Brisbane – Dallas) are announced jointly by BAC and the associated airline through both mainstream media and social		

	Questions	Response	Further action	Deadline
	service, or the start of a brand new service, even though each additional plane has a direct impact on residents overflown by it?	media channels. Other new services (e.g. an additional Brisbane-Sydney flight) are normally not announced by BAC, although the operating airline often publishes notifications through their usual channels. In both cases, the announcements are public and residents would receive the same notification as the wider public audience.		
2.2	Why are directly impacted Brisbane residents not given any notice of these changes but a lot of effort goes into social media posts and media releases, photo opportunities etc?	<b>BAC</b> Details of upcoming additional services and growth forecasts are provided at the quarterly BACACG meetings, for representatives of Brisbane communities.		
2.3	Can BAC and ASA please advise when do they consider the increased and cumulative noise impact on residents as a result of the ongoing increase in Brisbane Airport related flights?	<b>BAC</b> BAC considers the impact of noise on communities as part of their Master Plan process. This consideration is a regulated requirement of the Master Plan process, and prescribes the assessment and information (e.g ANEF, N70, N60 contours) that must be published.		
2.4	Can residents be given notice of these new services and a period for consultation, including details of the times at which these new flights are anticipated to be during the 24 hour operations of the Brisbane Airport eg during 6am to 10pm and from 10pm to 6 am.	<b>BAC</b> As per global industry norm Brisbane Airport does not consult with the public on requests from airlines for new services.	Feedback on growth is invited through the Master Plan process, and through the community representatives that attend BACACG.	
		Airservices Brisbane Airport Corporation's approval for the new		
		runway included a future forecast for growth in aircraft		

	Questions	Response	Further action	Deadline		
		movements. This future forecast was part of the project approval, as was 24 hour operation of the airport.				
		Airservices Australia does not provide advance notice of increasing aircraft movements, however through the BACACG regular updates on growth are provided by BAC and Aircraft In Your Neighbourhood reports on				
		movement numbers from previous months.				
3	Use of RNP-AR					
	New Farm/Teneriffe residents are caught in the V between the ILS path and the RNP-AR path as shown in the map below. There are often 15 hours continuous arrivals using these two flight paths, which are low altitude with no noise relief. It also impacts residents across the river at Bulimba. <i>See attached map in Appendix 1</i>					
	In the last phase of engagement by Trax on behalf of Airservices, Set 2 concept 3 had a proposal for arrivals over land from the north and west via the new runway:					
	3.1(p): Introduce advanced Required Navigation Performance-Approval Required (RNP- AR) approaches for certified non-jet aircraft. RNP- AR refers to a high-precision arrival path that joins the final approach closer to the runway, using satellite navigation, onboard avionics and specialist pilot training					
3.1	Can ASA please provide the data of	Airservices	Data has been requested	30		
	the number of planes using RNP-AR	Data for this full time period will need to be sourced.		Novembe		
	arrival over the period 2020 to 2024,	For the period 1 July 2023 to 30 June 2024, RNP-AR use		2024		
	broken down by jet and non-jet?	to the new runway over land (runway 01L) was				
		approximately 1340 movements. This compares to				
		around 21,000 movements on other approaches to this				
		runway. The RNP-AR operates at approximately 6 percent of arrival operations to the new runway.				
		These were all jet aircraft; while suitably equipped and authorised non-jet aircraft are permitted to use the				
		RNP-AR procedures, they have commenced doing so				

	Questions	Response	Further action	Deadline
3.2	Does this data show an increase of the use of this 'short cut' by airlines, and if so why?	Airservices The use of RNP-AR procedures is likely to increase over time as more aircraft and crew are endorsed to use it. During peak traffic periods however, it is more likely that the ILS will be used as this is simpler for air traffic control from an aircraft sequencing perspective.		
3.3	How is the choice to allocate this route	Airservices		
	made?	Aircraft must be equipped and certified to fly this procedure, so this is the main decision factor, but the volume of aircraft arriving is also a factor per d above		
3.4	Is noise a factor that is considered	Airservices		
	when choosing the route?	No. Air traffic controllers are trained to operate airspace according to the required rules. They will apply noise abatement procedures as published but do not consider noise more generally when directing aircraft.		
3.5	Is the cumulative impact of residents	Airservices		
	receiving RNP-AR paths followed by ILS paths a few minutes later considered?	This is not considered from an operational decision- making perspective.		
3.6	Has the impact on residents of the	Airservices		
	increasing use of the RNP-AR been studied?	BAC's Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) assessed the impact of increasing traffic volumes over time across Greater Brisbane. It did not cover the RNP-AR, as this technology was not available at the time of the EIS.		
		Airservices Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) noted the introduction of the RNP-AR but did not specifically address growth in its use over time.		
3.7	How is noise on the RNP-AR path measured?	Airservices		

	Question	IS	Response		Further action	Deadline
				ed temporary noise monitoring to a for this and a number of other flight		
		Post Implementation Review - D	•	re this as evidenced by the below ext esponse to Feedback effective 21 Dec		•
	tf	The New Farm noise is placed between tw the ILS and the RNP-AR, so it does not ref for communities under either flight path, wh significantly higher.	lect true measurements	We acknowledge that noise levels would likely to flight path. The noise monitor was installed to m ILS approach and the departure path in this local possible to these paths, noting they track over the levels from the RNP-AR operations are captured Bardon. The decision on final locations of monit number of other factors, including security, licent background noise levels.	easure aircraft noise on the ation, and is as close as he river at this point. Noise d by a noise monitor at ors takes into account a	
3.8	this noise capture t particula	done any work done to address e monitor issue to properly the noise metrics at New Farm, rly as the aircraft go around the the RNP-AR path?	program. A tempo Hawthorne, which operations, from N Once we have con delivery of all Nois	ng temporary noise monitoring orary noise monitor was located at n is subject to the RNP-AR flight path May to October 2024. Ifirmed the final operations post se Action Plan elements, the location will be reviewed and updated in the community.		
3.9	path who and anot still to go	non-jet already using this en this was a concept only ther round of consultation is o? There are numerous Dash 8 planes using this route	equipped and auth 8s have been equi time and have reco Brisbane Airport.	dure is available to any suitably horised aircraft. The QantasLink Dash pped and CASA-authorised for some ently started using RNP-ARs into They made a total of 60 arrivals in RNP-ARs into Brisbane Airport.		

	Questions	Response	Further action	Deadline	
3.10	Are more planes having equipment	Airservices			
	installed and pilots now being trained to use the RNP-AR path?	Yes. Qantas is fitting out their Dash-8 fleet to be RNP-AR capable.			
3.11	If there has been an increase in the	Airservices			
	use of RNP-AR why have impacted residents not been notified of the change, given that the consultation period still has another phase. Will residents be consulted as the RNP-AR flight numbers continue to grow?	There has been no change in the RNP-AR flight path design. Consultation through the Noise Action Plan for Brisbane is about changing flight path design to connect additional arrival paths from the north and west to RNP-AR approaches. The BAC EIS accounted for the growth of air traffic			
		over time and this growth is part of the project approval.			
		Airservices has spoken often to the forecast for increased aircraft movement numbers over time. This is a trend across the country and most airports.			
4	Set 2 concept 3 covered the following: <i>3.1z) Investigate moving the RNP-AR join point to the new runway further north (similar to the old river track).</i>				
	The factsheet for set 2 concept 3 said the use of an RNP-AR similar to the River Track was dismissed due to safety, but there was no information given on this and no commentary on the noise relief which would be provided through it.				
4.1	Understanding that safe operation is a	Airservices			
	priority, why is this flight path currently in use, but the Trax plan says it can't be used?	The safety risk was described in the information sheet addressing this recommendation. It noted that shifting the join point for the RNP-AR would result in aircraft flying head to head if joining the new runway and legacy runway by RNP-AR at the same time, which is not compliant with safety standards.			
4.2	Was this option dismissed too early?	Airservices			
		No. Safety is Airservices highest priority and this option did not meet the required safety standards.			

	Questions	Response	Further action	Deadline
4.3	Is this something that Think Research	Airservices	Request Think Research	ТВА
	can consider?	We can ask Think Research to review this and provide further detail if the AAB desires.	review if desired by AAB	
5	Noise monitor issues at New Farm			
	•	ng data of the Modelled vs Actual aircraft noise from a nu The conclusion reached by AirServices was:	umber of suburbs. Table 11 belo	ow (See
	This review has identified that New Farm are largely consistent with forecast noise	n has a notable difference between the modelled and a e levels.	ctual noise results, while other	locations
5.1	Can ASA update this table to include updated columns for the period: • 01/08/2021 to 31/07/2022	<b>Airservices</b> Will need to request this data.	Data requested for three full years.	30 November 2024
	<ul> <li>01/08/2022 to 31/07/2023</li> <li>01/08/2023 to 31/07/2024</li> </ul>			
	•	n over the last 12 months available on 'Aircraft in my Nei n increasing number of planes going over the monitor a	•	onitoring
5.2	If this information is recorded and reported on, what actions are taken by ASA and BAC in response to these reports?	Airservices 105dB does not appear to be an accurate figure. The vast majority of reported noise events are at a 65 and 70 decibel level, noting a much smaller number at 75 and sometimes 80 which would likely be the heavier international aircraft. Events above these levels would likely be caused by other noise sources such as birds or a loud machine nearby. Noise monitoring is conducted to provide information on noise levels that we can use to compare to proposed improvements to determine the net benefit. We are		

	Questions	Response	Further action	Deadline
		response to noise information and community concerns across Greater Brisbane.		
5.3	Does someone within ASA monitor these reports, and investigate and recommend actions to be taken by airlines or ATC to reduce the noise to below 70db?	<b>Airservices</b> We regularly review noise monitoring data, both as part of options development and assessment and also to maintain awareness of aircraft operations over Greater Brisbane. Where observe higher than expected noise levels, we will ask our consultants to review the audio of these to determine the cause. We are implementing the Noise Action Plan for Brisbane which is seeking to improve noise outcomes.		
5.4	Is there a system for example to investigate airlines that are repeat offenders of going over this noise limit or a certain plane type?	<b>Airservices</b> There is no maximum allowable level for aircraft noise against which to investigate airline operators.		
5.5	Several ASA and Trax reports have identified issues at the Brisbane Powerhouse noise monitor at New Farm. This included issues with the contours and also that it did not pick up RNP-AR. Given this report was in 2022, what steps have been taken to rectify the noise monitor issues at this location before changes to flight path design are implemented?	Airservices We have conducted temporary noise monitoring in Hawthorne and will review noise monitor locations toward the end of the Noise Action Plan for Brisbane. The noise monitor is operating as expected in monitoring ILS flight path movements and as noted, some aircraft are producing higher noise levels than forecast. This is not an issue with the noise monitor but rather identifies that the operations are not consistent with what was forecast when the studies were done. We noted in the PIR report that the EIS and later final design EIA forecasts were based on the best available information at the time.		

	Questions	Response	Further action	Deadline
6	Letter to the Minister			
	The minutes of meeting of 6 March 202 Minister to raise the introduction of no	4 refer to the previous Chair writing to the Minister on be vise based levies.	half of the AAB with a rec	quest for the
6.1	Has this letter been done and has the Minister responded?	KJ will have a draft on or before 20 Nov	AAB to review	1/12/24
7	Planes flying versus published			
	Planes are clearly directly above my hou by at least 1km.	se, but when I view them on these systems they show them	over the river. I would es	timate they are out
7.1	Why do the planes in reality versus	Airservices		
	what shows on Webtrak and Flight	WebTrak is based on radar data feeds and is accurate.		
	Radar 24 differ?	Flight Radar 24's website says they use aircraft data, which does not use a localised measure of altitude above mean sea level. It states ' <i>This is why altitude</i> values near the ground can sometimes appear unrealistic.'		
		Depending on the altitude of an aircraft, its perceived position relative to someone on the ground will change. A lower aircraft will more obviously appear off to the side of a location. A higher aircraft will appear to be directly over a location when it is actually a kilometre or more to the side. Lateral distance is extremely difficult to gage from the ground when an aircraft is at a higher altitude.		
7.2	Is it an accuracy issue with the tracking system or is this some other reason?	As above.		
7.3	Can this be reviewed before the next phase of consultation to ensure the correct data is being used?	As above.		

	Questions	Response	Further action	Deadline		
8	Ability to email NCIS					
		plaints to be submitted via an online form or via Webtral				
	There is therefore no ability to email in screenshots or photographs of issues. It is often difficult to explain an issue without these visual aids to refer to.					
	It also means that we are unable to pro-	vide crucial evidence relevant to investigations.				
8.1	How can ASA justify this change and can they update their system to allow for this material to be submitted so as to properly consider the issues which affected Brisbane residents have?	<b>Airservices</b> NCIS has not accepted email submissions since 2015 when a new complaints system was introduced. The system has automated functions that support processing of enquiries to the correct airport location and to an existing complainant if relevant. Emails require manual processing which extends response time and may introduce errors in cumulative data collection. Under our IT and Cyber Security Policy, opening of links and files from outside the organisation is also not allowed due to the risk of malware and other cyber security attacks. Thus review of any email attachments is not allowed unless the source is verified.	We can investigate if the Webform can be upgraded to allow images to be included. AAB feedback on this option would be welcomed.			
9	Process and timeline for Brisbane Ter	minal 3 and Brisbane Airport Masterplan				
9.1	At the last AAB meeting I asked what the timeline and process was for the above. The Department agreed to provide this information but it has not been received.	KJ has discussed this with the Dept and asked for a plain language document with statutory timeframes.				
9.2	Many Brisbane residents did not receive any notice or consultation regarding NPR despite being in the same house for 20 years. What processes are in place to rectify it this	<b>BAC</b> The consultation summary undertaken for the NPR is available at <u>Brisbane-Airport-Community-Engagement-</u> <u>Communications-Report-New Runway.pdf</u>	An update on the communication and consultation process can be provided to the AAB in early 2025.			

	Questions	Response	Further action	Deadline
	time, and will an extended period be allowed for responses given the numerous issues that remain unaddressed following the completion of the NPR?	<ul> <li>The timeline for the 2026 Master Plan timeline and process was presented to the community representatives at the BACACG meeting in September. The summary is:</li> <li>2024-mid 25: planning, writing &amp; documentation</li> <li>July 2025: Public comment period (60 business days, which generally amounts to around three calendar months) and finalisation.</li> <li>March 2026: Draft plan submitted for Ministerial approval. Community submissions are included as part of the draft plan.</li> </ul>		
9.3	Will noise impacts be considered and data provided to residents during the consultation process for each of these items?	<b>BAC</b> Noise impacts will be considered and BAC will provide updated noise forecasts as required by the relevant regulations.		
9.4	Has the Department given BAC and ASA a list of what information it requires to be produced on noise impacts for these processes? If so, can or will this be shared with residents?	<ul> <li>BAC</li> <li>The information required is contained in the National Airports Safeguarding Framework (Guideline A) and requires the following minimum areas must be notified:</li> <li>within the 20 ANEF</li> <li>20 or more daily events greater than 70 dB(A)</li> <li>50 or more daily events of greater than 65 dB(A)</li> <li>100 events or more daily events of greater than 60 dB(A) or</li> </ul>		
10	Community Engagement Standard	6 or more events of greater than 60 dB(A) between the hours of 11pm and 6 am		

	Questions	Response	Further action	Deadline		
	In September 2023, Airservices Australia implemented a new community engagement standard. Stakeholders of other airports seem to be receiving much more detailed information than Brisbane residents.					
10.1	Is the standard being applied to Brisbane Airport engagement?	Airservices The CES does not apply to programs that were already in progress ahead of its introduction. The Noise Action Plan Communications Approach was finalised in August 2023 after engagement with the Brisbane community. It contains some of the principles and processes reflected in the CES which was in draft at the time, but it was developed as the bespoke engagement commitment for the Noise Action Plan based on what the community said they expected.				
10.2	Where can we find the Community Engagement Plan for the Brisbane Airport changes.	Airservices On the Noise Action Plan for Brisbane Engage Airservices page <u>here</u>				
10.3	Why does Engage show that other airports receive Community Engagement Plans (for example Gladstone, from October 2024) but Brisbane does not?	<b>Airservices</b> The Communications Approach is this plan and is in the list of documents on the right side of the Engage page.				
11	Noise Action Plan					
	The AAB terms of reference provide that: The Noise Action Plan will be a living document to be maintained by BAC and Airservices.					
11.1	When was this plan last updated, and where can the 'living document' be found?	Airservices There have been no updates, as we have not found any additional actions that need to be added to it at this stage.				
11.2	What are the governance procedures around changes to the Noise Action Plan and is there a document that	Airservices Any changes to the Noise Action Plan for Brisbane would be subject to community engagement and				

	Questions	Response	Further action	Deadline		
	tracks these changes for ease of reference?	approval through the Noise Action Plan for Brisbane Program Management Office and then the Department who maintain an oversight role per recommendation 1.1aa.				
11.3	Is there a scorecard that shows progress on the action items ie what is complete, when completed, target dates etc.	<b>Airservices</b> We have not produced a scorecard. Quarterly progress updates are shared with the community on the Engage Airservices page.				
12	Implementation of the recommendation	ons identified in the PIR				
	The terms of reference of the AAB pro- recommendations identified in the Post	vide that one of the purposes of the AAB is: <i>to provide</i> of <i>Implementation Review.</i>	advice to and from the comm	unity on the		
12.1	Where does the community find updates on the status of the implementation process?	<b>Airservices</b> Quarterly progress updates are shared with the community on the Engage Airservices page.				
12.2	Is there a scorecard that shows progress on the action items ie what is complete, when completed, target dates etc.	<b>Airservices</b> We have not produced a scorecard.				
13	In 2023 ASA has engaged Think Research Ltd as a consultant for the independent assurance in response to the Noise Action Plan for Brisbane					
	Per the factsheet produced by AirServices Australia and available on Engage, Think Research are required to: participate in quarterly community engagement activities and provide information on the independent review of the proposals, options, or assessments associated with each recommendation.					
13.1	What has Think Research participated in since their appointment so far as it relates to Brisbane Airport?	<b>Airservices</b> Think Research have participated in a number of actions since their appointment. This includes:	Investigate reports provided by Think Research and what	30 November 2024		

	Questions	Response	Further action	Deadline		
		Review of preferred designs to confirm if any further refinement opportunity exists	can be made available to the AAB.			
		Discussions with AAB members in mid 2024 on any matters of interest				
		• Offer to AAB members to identify any specific matters they would like Think Research to provide advice on (current AAB open action)				
		• Advice on international flight path change decision- making models and their potential application in Australia.				
13.2	What information has it provided and to who?	As above				
13.3	Can a copy of their reports be made available to the AAB members and to the general public?	As above				
13.4	What is done with the information in these reports?	The information is considered prior to finalising design decisions and to inform other related activity. We look at their role as not only providing advice, but ensuring we have not missed an opportunity for a greater noise improvement outcome.				
13.5	Is an action list generated to work on the items they raise?	No it is not. The reviews are of current work that is under deliberation, so any findings are immediately actioned.				
14	Daytime relief					
	flights are during the day over land, wi	nore SODPROPS will help noise abatement at night and o th southern approach flightpaths to Brisbane Airport cari th NPR and Legacy residents. This affects schools, house	rying increasing aircraft numb	ers, often		

	Questions	Response	Further action	Deadline		
	, , , ,	ight, and given the NPR was approved on the basis that m or the table above, we would not be experiencing many f		r Moreton		
14.1	What steps will ASA be taking to mitigate the impact of aircraft noise created by these heavily used southern approach flightpaths over land, particularly during the day?	Airservices The recently announced flight path changes that were part of the Ministerial Directive enable the use of SODPROPS mode during daytime hours when conditions suit. This was confirmed as part of the announcement. The BAC EIS, which was subject to the approval by government, stated that in 2015 only around 10 to 17% of daytime flights would be in SODPROPS mode and that the remainder would be in parallel runway modes. The EIS also shows this reducing to no daytime use by 2035. We are now into 2024 so almost half way between these forecast periods.				
		The Noise Action Plan for Brisbane is seeking to identify opportunities to minimise noise impacts across Greater Brisbane, including in daytime hours.				
15	Reporting on aircraft not remaining on SIDs					
	A lot of work has been done and is being done on aircraft flight paths. This is all for nought if aircraft do not follow SIDS when they can. There are dozens of examples of radar plots of departures to the south for northbound aircraft which do not follow the appropriate SID. The examples are on clear days, unaffected by weather, and other traffic. The paths appear to be "shortcuts". The radar plots can be provided before the meeting if requested or I can have them with me on the day.					
15.1	What percentage of aircraft do not follow SIDs, or are taken off SIDs by ATC?	Airservices Will need to request this data.	Data request for remaining on SIDs from runway end to waypoint	30 November 2024		
15.2	Can ASA make available to residents/public, the reason for deviation from SIDs for each instance?	There are a range of reasons aircraft will be taken off a SID, including to manage a conflicting operation (eg. Emergency services aircraft transiting through the area),				

	Questions	Response	Further action	Deadline			
		to avoid bad weather (i.e. a storm cell along the trajectory of the SID), to better sequence departures (eg. to get a slower aircraft out of the path of a faster one). Vectoring aircraft off a published SID is an approved and frequently used action to keep aircraft safely separated from each other. It also provides a degree of natural noise sharing, rather than concentrating aircraft over the same communities. The reasons aircraft are taken off SIDs are not recorded in a manner that would enable public reporting.					
16	Airservices testimony at Senate Inquiry						
	Mr Peter Curran's testimony at the recent Senate Inquiry has brought into question Airservices intent and transparency for the NAP4B.						
16.1	If the purpose of the NAP4B was to create redesign that would enable relief from concentrated and convergence of flight paths, how is Airservices and TRAX going to be able to achieve this if using the same or similar airspace over the same communities?	<b>Airservices</b> Package 4 is looking at options outside the constraints of the existing airspace design, with the aim of determining if there are lower impact ways to design and manage Brisbane aircraft operations.					
17	Clarification of TRAX response to a question						
	The following is a question posed to TRAX during the last round of engagement as a question on notice from a meeting.						
	10. The committee queried the Set 4 Design Concepts included in the Phase 5 engagement exercise that are proposed to enable Independent Parallel Runway Operations.						
	Response:						
	The new parallel runway was designed to operate independently from the existing runway. This means aircraft landing on one runway do not need to be coordinated with those landing on the other. The flight path changes proposed in Set 4 are necessary to ensure the safe operation of both runways independently. These changes involve adjusting the arrival flight paths for both runways.						
	<ul> <li>For the new runway (01L), arrival paths would shift slightly south by about 1-2 km, to overcome some flyability issues experienced during adverse weather conditions.</li> </ul>						

	Questions	Response	Further action	Deadline		
	<ul> <li>For the legacy runway (01R), the arrival paths would move 4-5 km further south to maintain safe horizontal and vertical separation from aircraft landing on the new runway whilst allowing aircraft enough time to align with the Instrument Landing System before starting their final approach.</li> <li>To keep aircraft safely separated, those landing on the legacy runway fly 1,000 feet lower than those landing on the new runway. Aircraft arriving to the legacy runway level off at 3,000 feet and fly level for a period before descending for final approach.</li> <li>Moving the 3,000 feet point further south will not make aircraft fly lower over land during final approach. However, shifting the positic of those arrival flight paths at higher altitudes as they descend to the 3,000 feet point would change where noise is distributed, making some areas noisier and others quieter.</li> </ul>					
17.1	Can Airservices please clarify TRAX's	Airservices	Forward to Trax for response	15 Nov		
	response?	We will need to seek clarification from Trax as this was their response.		2024		
18	Jetstar aircraft flying lower than other	5				
18.1	Why are Jetstar Airline coming into Brisbane overflying the Samford area are always the lowest jet aircraft in the sky around 4,000 plus feet, when their counterparts are flying around 6,000 plus feet?	<b>BAC</b> An initial review of two months data has identified a slight difference between JetStar and other jet aircraft. This does not appear to be at the same extent as reported, however we will forward this information on to JetStar for further advice.	Forward to Jetstar for response	ТВА		
19	Health impacts from aircraft fuel					
	Communities like Samford rely on the capture of rainwater for drinking, bathing, cooking etc. Prior to the opening of the NPR, general aviation would track at a higher altitude of 6,000 plus feet and were of no consequence.					
	Since the NPR opened, general aviation mainly from Archerfield are tracking directly under the NPR flight paths from 1,000 feet. A lot of these aircraft are aged and using lead based Avgas. See enclosed screen captures.					
	My tank water contamination report as enclosed is showing a raft of heavy metals including lead. My home is ten years old, situated on five acres not near any road. We experience eight levels of aircraft activity daily including living under the WACKO and SMOKA paths. The scientist conducting the test commented:					
	External lab results show traces of lead and other heavy metals not seen in rain water, (Lead, Molybdenum, Titanium and Vanadium) Some of these metals are used in lubrication and as additives in fuel and lubricants.					

	Questions	Response	Further action	Deadline	
	Costs of the NPR Flight Path design have been socialised on to me and my family. We have spent two thousand dollars recently to protect our three resident grandchildren and ourselves from the cumulative impacts. We will also incur extra ongoing maintenance costs. I am therefore requesting that AAB address this matter.				
19.1	This is a health impact not covered in the AAB's terms of reference. But Airservices flight path design for the NPR has brought about this consequence and risk to families on tank water. Therefore, it's prudent this matter is dealt with at AAB.	<ul> <li>CHAIR</li> <li>As noted, this is outside the AAB's ToR. However, it can be noted:</li> <li>In the issues Register being established by the Department</li> <li>Through BACACG</li> </ul>	Dept to add to issues register and advised on progress in finding/establishing an appropriate authority to investigate and regulate.		
19.2	Can ASA provide information on altitudes of low flying GA aircraft in relevant areas?	BAC BAC have offered to seek data on this.	Data to be requested	20 Nov 2024	

## APPENDIX 1 Explanatory information *See Section 3*

**Concept 3.** Introduce RNP-AR approaches for suitably certified non-jet aircraft using the WOODY and MORBI paths over land to the new runway, an example of this is shown in green in **Figure 5**, below. These options do not apply to jet aircraft that are already able to use the RNP-AR approach if certified.

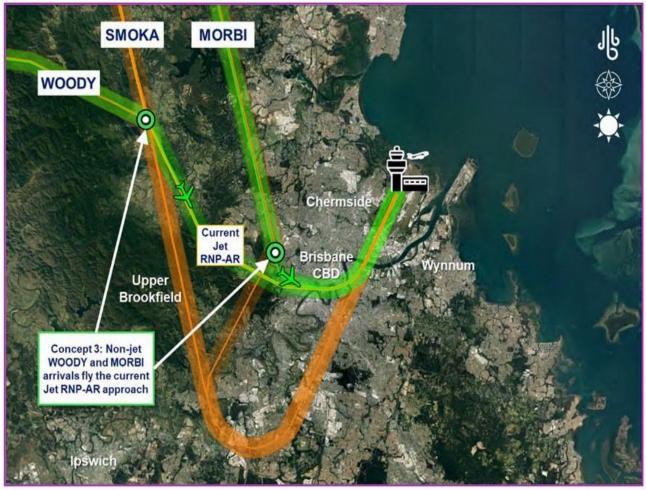


Figure 5: Example option for Concept 3 (in green with the current paths in orange) of connecting the WOODY and MORBI paths onto the existing RNP-AR over land to the new runway for suitably certified non-jet flights, when the wind is from the north

# APPENDIX 1 Explanatory information *See Section 5*



#### Table 11: NEW FARM

	EIS	Airservices Environmental Assessment	Average Number of N70 events		
Design Stage	Preliminary Design	Detailed Design	Actuals		
Data Source	EIS	Flight Path Tool	NMT		
Scenario	2015 Forecast with NPR	2020 Forecast with NPR	01/08/2021 to 31/07/2022		
CASA tailwind ruleset	10 knots (night)	5 knots (24hr)	5 knots (24hr)		
Season / Time of Day	Number of events above 70dB(A)/ day				
Summer Weekday: 6am-6pm	5 to 9	2 to 4	27.6**		
Summer Weekday: 6pm-10pm	2 to 4	0*	7.2**		
Summer Weekday: 10pm-6am	< 2	0	<1		
Summer Weekend: 6am-6pm	5 to 9	2 to 4	18.4**		
Summer Weekend: 6pm-10pm	2 to 4	0	4.2		
Summer Weekend: 10pm-6am	< 2	0	<1		
Winter Weekday: 6am-6pm	10 to 19	5 to 9	27**		
Winter Weekday: 6pm-10pm	2 to 4	2 to 4	6.5		
Winter Weekday: 10pm-6am	< 2	0	<1		
Winter Weekend: 6am-6pm	10 to 19	5 to 9	18.9**		
Winter Weekend: 6pm-10pm	2 to 4	0	4.2		
Winter Weekend: 10pm-6am	< 2	0	<1		

\* 2018 modelling identified less than 1 movement per day at a 70dBA level or above. This was reflected in the Flight Path Tool as 0.

#### Is there a difference?

#### \*\* increase in modelled N70 events

Our analysis of the modelled vs actual N70 noise events for New Farm has noted that there is a noticeable difference in the predicted impacts, particularly during daytime hours (6am to 6pm).

Aircraft altitude: There is large spread in aircraft altitudes over the NMT. This is likely due to varying meteorological conditions and aircraft performance, noting that older aircraft will perform differently to newer models – information on expected aircraft type is provided in our <u>Aircraft Noise Modelling & Monitoring factsheet</u>.

Aircraft noise projections: In some cases, the modelled noise levels for specific aircraft types were higher than forecast. This includes:

13



Departures from the new runway (runway 19R) over the city for the:

- B738 aircraft noise modelling results at the New Farm monitor were expected to be just under 70dBA. The actual measured noise level was 70dBA on average, with 63 percent of operations at or over 70dBA.
- A320 aircraft noise modelling results at the New Farm monitor were expected to be under 70dBA. The
  actual measured noise level was 69dBA on average, however 30 percent of these operations were at or
  over 70dBA.
- F100 aircraft noise modelling results at the New Farm monitor were expected to be under 70dBA. The
  actual measured noise level was 71dBA on average, with 74 percent of these operations at or over
  70dBA. (Note: there are more of these aircraft types then forecast).

Arrivals over the city to the new runway (runway 01L) by:

A320s, B712s and F100 aircraft were expected to be in the 64 to 68dBA range. The actual measured
noise levels were 67 to 69dBA on average, however a percentage of these operations were at or over
70dBA.

Noise Monitor location: The NMT is located on the contour line that separates 70dBA and 60dBA, which is not a hard line and noise levels within both ranges would be expected at this location (the further inside a contour that a monitor is located the more stable the noise readings that would be expected.)

At New Farm, there are two arrival flight paths that operate over the NMT. A straight in Instrument Landing System (ILS)/visual approach arrival flight path and a left turn join RNP-AR flight path. The noise levels from operations using the RNP-AR flight path were under 70dBA (both modelled and actual), while the ILS/visual flight path were at or over 70dBA in the actual noise levels.

