# Australian Transport Safety Bureau

Entity resources and planned performance

# **Australian Transport Safety Bureau**

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# **Australian Transport Safety Bureau**

# Section 1: Entity overview and resources

## 1.1 Strategic direction statement

The Australian Transport Safety Bureau (ATSB) is an independent statutory agency of the Australian Government conducting safety investigations in the aviation, rail and interstate and overseas shipping modes of transport. It is governed by a Commission and is entirely separate from transport regulators, policy makers and service providers.

The ATSB's purpose is defined by its mission statement:

• Improve transport safety for the greatest public benefit through our independent investigations and influencing safety action.

In reference to the public benefit:

The ATSB focusses on the public interest where the safety of passengers and
workers on an aircraft, train or ship is concerned. The ATSB focusses on the public
interest when it comes to the significant costs that can result from an accident,
particularly where there is significant damage to public infrastructure or an impact
on the national economy.

The *Transport Safety Investigation Act* 2003 (TSI Act) makes it clear that, in carrying out its purpose, the ATSB cannot apportion blame, assist in determining liability or, as a general rule, assist in court proceedings.

Through independent investigations, the ATSB seeks to identify safety issues for action by organisations with responsibility for managing risk. The ATSB's approach to identifying safety issues encompasses targeting safety improvements for the greatest public benefit. The safety issues the ATSB identifies are characteristic of an organisation or a system rather than a characteristic of a specific individual. The ATSB directs its resources to investigations that have the broadest safety effect on transport systems.

The ATSB does not have powers to force operators, manufacturers and regulators to take action. The ATSB relies on its ability to influence. An influencer uses their authority, knowledge, position and relationship to shape the decisions of others. The ATSB builds relationships with others to support safety action. The ATSB has stakeholders willing to be advocates for safety messaging. Where the ATSB is concerned that not enough is being done in response to safety issues being raised, the ATSB will work to campaign for action that prevents accidents.

The ATSB does not have the resources to investigate every accident and incident that occurs in the aviation, rail and marine sectors each year. In order to provide assurance that the ATSB's finite resources are being used for the greatest safety benefit, the ATSB

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will continue to work with government and industry stakeholders to clarify the priorities for its existing jurisdiction and the potential for its expansion. For rail investigations, the ATSB relies on the resources provided by the states and territories through agreements.

The ATSB maintains a national information set of all safety-related occurrences in aviation and of all accidents and significant safety occurrences in rail and the interstate and overseas marine sectors. The information it holds is essential to its capacity to analyse broad safety trends and inform its investigation and safety education work, as well as constituting an important public information resource. The ATSB is enhancing its capacity for a data driven approach to the performance of its investigation, research, communication, and education functions.

The ATSB is committed to close engagement with its international counterpart agencies and relevant multilateral organisations. The ATSB places a specific emphasis on engagement with countries in the Asia–Pacific region, particularly with Indonesia and Papua New Guinea.

The ATSB invests in studying and contributing to the methodologies and techniques used by accident investigation authorities in transport and non-transport modes across the world. The ATSB does this by employing academic discipline, supported by its partnership with the Royal Melbourne Institute of Technology University (RMIT). The ATSB's partnership with RMIT to deliver transport safety investigation qualifications commits the ATSB to investing in the training and skill development of people in a position to support improvements to transport safety.

Detailed information about the ATSB's purpose, operating context, activities and performance measures is published in the ATSB Corporate Plan available at: <u>Corporate Plan 2022-23</u> (atsb.gov.au)

# 1.2 Entity resource statement

Table 1.1 shows the total funding from all sources available to the ATSB for its operations and to deliver programs and services on behalf of the Government.

The table summarises how resources will be applied by outcome (government strategic policy objectives) and by departmental (for the ATSB's operations) classification.

Information in this table is presented on a resourcing (that is, appropriations/cash available) basis, whilst the 'Budgeted expenses by Outcome 1' tables in Section 2 and the financial statements in Section 3 are presented on an accrual basis.

Table 1.1: ATSB resource statement - Budget estimates for 2023-24 as at Budget May 2023

ay 2020		
	2022-23 Estimated actual	2023-24 Estimate
	\$'000	\$'000
Departmental		
Annual appropriations - ordinary annual services(a)		
Prior year appropriations available(b)	8,175	6,675
Departmental appropriation(c)	20,710	25,270
s74 External Revenue <sup>(d)</sup>	1,456	1,469
Departmental capital budget(e)	582	1,371
Total departmental annual appropriations	30,923	34,785
Total departmental resourcing	30,923	34,785
Total resourcing for ATSB	30,923	34,785

	2022-23	2023-24
Average staffing level (number)	95	110

All figures shown above are GST exclusive - these may not match figures in the cash flow statement.

<sup>(</sup>a) Appropriation Bill (No. 1) 2023-24.

<sup>(</sup>b) Excludes amounts subject to administrative quarantine by Department of Finance or withheld under section 51 of the Public Governance, Performance and Accountability Act 2013 (PGPA Act).

<sup>(</sup>c) Excludes Departmental Capital Budget (DCB). A reduction of \$0.3m for ATSB's share of Whole of Government (WoG) savings measure applied at the 2022-23 October Budget has also been reflected in 2022-23.

<sup>(</sup>d) Estimated External Revenue receipts under section 74 of the PGPA Act.

<sup>(</sup>e) Departmental capital budgets are not separately identified in Appropriation Bill (No.1) and form part of ordinary annual services items. Please refer to Table 3.5 for further details. For accounting purposes, this amount has been designated as a 'contribution by owner'.

#### 1.3 **Budget measures**

Budget measures in Part 1 relating to the ATSB are detailed in Budget Paper No. 2 and are summarised below.

Table 1.2: ATSB 2023-24 Budget measures

Part 1: Measures announced since the 2022-23 October Budget

	Program	2022-23 \$'000	2023-24 \$'000	2024-25 \$'000	2025-26 \$'000	2026-27 \$'000
Payment measure						
Supporting Transport Priorities <sup>(a)</sup>						
Priorities <sup>(a)</sup>	1.1					
Departmental payments		-	4,552	-	-	-
Total		-	4,552	-	-	-
Total payment measure						
Departmental		-	4,552	-	-	-
Total		-	4,552	-	-	-

Prepared on a Government Finance Statistics (Underlying Cash) basis. Figures displayed as a negative (-) represent a decrease in funds and a positive (+) represent an increase in funds.

(a) Includes capital payments of \$0.765 million in 2023-24.

# Section 2: Outcomes and planned performance

Government outcomes are the intended results, impacts or consequences of actions by the Government on the Australian community. Commonwealth programs are the primary vehicle by which government entities achieve the intended results of their outcome statements. Entities are required to identify the programs which contribute to government outcomes over the Budget and forward years.

Each outcome is described below together with its related programs. The following provides detailed information on expenses for each outcome and program, further broken down by funding source.

#### Note:

Performance reporting requirements in the Portfolio Budget Statements are part of the Commonwealth performance framework established by the *Public Governance*, *Performance and Accountability Act 2013*. It is anticipated that the performance measures described in Portfolio Budget Statements will be read with broader information provided in an entity's corporate plans and annual performance statements – included in Annual Reports – to provide a complete picture of an entity's planned and actual performance.

The most recent corporate plan for the ATSB can be found at: <a href="https://www.atsb.gov.au/sites/default/files/media/5781849/atsb-corporate-plan-2022-23.pdf">https://www.atsb.gov.au/sites/default/files/media/5781849/atsb-corporate-plan-2022-23.pdf</a>

The most recent annual performance statement can be found at: <a href="https://www.atsb.gov.au/sites/default/files/media/5781957/atsb-annual-report-2021-22.pdf">https://www.atsb.gov.au/sites/default/files/media/5781957/atsb-annual-report-2021-22.pdf</a>

# 2.1 Budgeted expenses and performance for Outcome 1

Outcome 1: Improved transport safety in Australia including through: independent 'no blame' investigation of transport accidents and other safety occurrences; safety data recording, analysis and research; and influencing safety action

#### **Budgeted expenses for Outcome 1**

This table shows how much the ATSB intends to spend (on an accrual basis) on achieving the outcome, broken down by program.

Table 2.1.1: Budgeted expenses for Outcome 1

	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25	2025-26	2026-27
	Estimated	Budget	Forward	Forward	Forward
	actual		estimate	estimate	estimate
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Program 1.1: Australian Transport Safety	Bureau				
Departmental expenses					
Departmental appropriation	20,710	25,270	22,208	22,537	22,935
s74 External Revenue (a)	1,456	1,469	1,469	1,469	1,000
Expenses not requiring appropriation in					
the Budget year (b)	5,256	4,587	4,530	4,454	3,899
Departmental total	27,422	31,326	28,207	28,460	27,834
Total expenses for program 1.1	27,422	31,326	28,207	28,460	27,834
Outcome 1 Totals by resource type					
Departmental expenses					
Departmental appropriation	20,710	25,270	22,208	22,537	22,935
s74 External Revenue(a)	1,456	1,469	1,469	1,469	1,000
Expenses not requiring appropriation in	,	•	,	•	,
the Budget year (b)	5,256	4,587	4,530	4,454	3,899
Departmental total	27,422	31,326	28,207	28,460	27,834
Total expenses for Outcome 1	27,422	31,326	28,207	28,460	27,834
			_		
_	2022-23	2023-24			
Average staffing level (number)	95	110			

<sup>(</sup>a) Estimated expenses incurred in relation to receipts retained under section 74 of the PGPA Act 2013.

<sup>(</sup>b) Expenses not requiring appropriation in the Budget year are made up of depreciation expenses and the value of services ATSB will receive free of charge from the Victorian Chief Investigator, the NSW Office of Transport Safety Investigations and the Australian National Audit Office.

#### Table 2.1.2: Performance measures for Outcome 1

Table 2.1.2 details the performance measures for each program associated with Outcome 1. It also provides the related key activities as expressed in the current corporate plan where further detail is provided about the delivery of the activities related to the program, the context in which these activities are delivered and how the performance of these activities will be measured. Where relevant, details of 2023-24 Budget measures that have created new programs or materially changed existing programs are provided.

Outcome 1 – Improved transport safety in Australia including through: independent 'no blame' investigation of transport accidents and other safety occurrences; safety data recording, analysis and research; and influencing safety action. Program 1.1 - Improved transport safety for the greatest public benefit The ATSB will work actively with the aviation, rail and marine industries; transport regulators and governments at a state, national and international level to improve transport safety standards for all Australians. Investigations and related activities seek to influence safety action for the public benefit. Independent investigation of transport accidents and other safety incidents **Key Activities** Safety data recording, analysis and research Influencing safety action Performance measures **Expected Performance Results** Year Current year KPI 1 - Number of safety issues that Target: 2022-23: 77% 2022-23 are addressed through safety action Target: 65% of safety issues Target not expected to be met. addressed in the last financial year Target: 85% of safety issues addressed in the previous financial vear KPI 2 - Number of Systemic, Defined, Target: 2022-23: 76% and Safety Study investigations completed by ATSB that identify safety Target expected to be met. issues Target: 65% of investigations identify a safety issue KPI 3 - Percentage of Systemic and Target: 2022-23: 65% Defined investigations that identify at least one safety issue not already Target achieved. identified by others. Target: 50% of systemic and defined investigations completed in 2022-23 identified safety issues not identified by others KPI 4 - On an average annual basis, Target: 2022-23: The ATSB will conduct the ATSB will be conducting around around twice the number of investigations twice the number of investigations as it per investigator. has available investigators. Target expected to be met. Projecting 90 active investigations. KPI 5 - Median time to complete Target: 2022-23 investigations Short: 12.4 months Defined: 15.1 months Short investigations - 7 months Systemic: 32.1 months Defined investigations - 14 months Systemic investigations - 20 months Target not expected to be met

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Year	Performance measures	Expected Performance Results
Current year 2022-23 cont.	KPI6 – Number of changes to the ATSB's published investigation findings over the previous financial year	Target: Zero
Year	Performance measures	Planned Performance Results
Budget year 2023-24	KPI 1 - Number of safety issues that are addressed through safety action	65% of safety issues address in the last financial year 85% of safety issues addressed in the previous financial year.
	KPI 2 - Number of Systemic, Defined, and Safety Study investigations completed by ATSB that identify safety issues	65% of investigations identify a safety issue.
	KPI 3 - Percentage of Systemic and Defined investigations that identify at least one safety issue not already identified by others	Project 50% of systemic and defined investigations completed in 2023–24 identified safety issues not identified by others.
	KPI 4 - On an average annual basis, the ATSB will be conducting around twice the number of investigations as it has available investigators	Projections to be revised annually based on known full time equivalent investigators.
	KPI 5 - Median time to complete investigations Short investigations - 6 months Defined investigations - 12 months Systemic investigations - 18 months	Tracking towards 6 months Tracking towards 12 months Tracking towards 18 months.
	KPI 6 - Number of changes to the ATSB's published investigation findings over the previous financial year	Zero
Forward Estimates 2024-27	As per 2023-24	As per 2023-24.

# Section 3: Budgeted financial statements

Section 3 presents budgeted financial statements which provide a comprehensive snapshot of ATSB finances for the 2023-24 Budget year, including the impact of budget measures and resourcing on financial statements.

## 3.1 Budgeted financial statements

# 3.1.1 Explanatory notes and analysis of budgeted financial statements Budgeted departmental comprehensive income statement

The ATSB is planning for a break-even operating result, adjusted for depreciation and amortisation expense, in 2023-24 and the forward years.

#### Revenue

Net appropriation revenue of \$25.3 million will be provided to the ATSB in 2023-24.

The comprehensive income statement also includes estimates of the ATSB's own source revenue of \$5.2 million which includes:

- estimates of cost recoveries from Queensland, Western Australia, South Australia and Tasmania for safety investigations ATSB undertook on their intrastate rail networks (\$1.2 million)
- revenue from the Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade for the ATSB's
  participation in Australian Government transport safety initiatives, including
  capability building activities as part of the Indonesia Transport Safety Assistance
  Package (\$0.3 million).
- estimates of the value of the services the ATSB will receive free of charge from the Victorian Chief Investigator, Transport Safety, the NSW Office of Transport Safety Investigations and the Australian National Audit Office (\$3.7 million).

#### **Expenses**

Budgeted operating expenditure in 2023-24 is \$31.3 million, comprised of employee expenses (62%), supplier expenses (30%) and depreciation and finance costs (8%).

The ATSB will receive an increase to their Departmental Appropriations (\$3.8 million) and Departmental Capital Budget (\$0.8 million) during 2023-24. This increase will fund approximately 15 ASL and improvements to the core enterprise safety management system (AIMS).

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## Budgeted departmental balance sheet

The ATSB's budgeted balance sheet at 30 June 2024 reflects the expected balances for its assets and liabilities as well as retained earnings and contributed equity, based on the operating result for 2022-23 and the Budget year.

The ATSB's major non-financial assets are buildings (\$6.7 million) in relation to their leased office accommodation, intangibles (\$3.0 million) and other property plant and equipment (\$2.4 million). The ATSB's primary liabilities are in relation to their office accommodation lease liabilities (\$6.9 million) and accrued employee leave entitlements (\$5.2 million).

# 3.2 Budgeted financial statements tables

Table 3.1: Comprehensive income statement (showing net cost of services) for the period ended 30 June

tne period ended 30 June					
	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25	2025-26	2026-27
	Estimated	Budget	Forward	Forward	Forward
	actual		estimate	estimate	estimate
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
EXPENSES					
Employee benefits	17,034	19,653	17,829	18,562	18,933
Suppliers	7,891	9,265	8,179	7,597	7,109
Depreciation and amortisation(a)	2,445	2,372	2,177	2,294	1,753
Finance costs	52	36	22	7	39
Total expenses	27,422	31,326	28,207	28,460	27,834
LESS:		·	·	•	•
OW N-SOURCE INCOME					
Own-source revenue					
Sale of goods and rendering of services	1,456	1,469	1,469	1,469	1,000
Other	2,829	3,732	3,732	3,732	3,000
Total own-source revenue	4,285	5,201	5,201	5,201	4,000
Total own-source income	4,285	5,201	5,201	5,201	4,000
Net (cost of)/contribution by services	(23,137)	(26,125)	(23,006)	(23,259)	(23,834)
Revenue from Government	20,710	25,270	22,208	22,537	22,935
Surplus/(deficit) attributable to the					,
Australian Government	(2,427)	(855)	(798)	(722)	(899)
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	(2,427)	(855)	(798)	(722)	(899)
Total comprehensive income/(loss)		` /	, ,	. ,	. ,
attributable to the Australian					
Government	(2,427)	(855)	(798)	(722)	(899)
Note: Impact of net cash appropriation are	angements				
Total comprehensive income/(loss) -					
as per statement of comprehensive					
income	(2,427)	(855)	(798)	(722)	(899)
plus: depreciation/amortisation of assets					
funded through appropriations					
(Departmental capital budget funding and/or equity injections) <sup>(a)</sup>	941	934	900	900	902
plus: depreciation/amortisation expenses	541	334	300	500	302
for ROU assets <sup>(b)</sup>	1,504	1,438	1,277	1,394	851
less: lease principal repayments <sup>(b)</sup>	(1,518)	(1,517)	(1,379)	(1,572)	(854)
Net cash operating surplus/ (deficit)	(1,500)	(1,011)	(1,010)	.,	(55.)
itor odori operating surplusi (deficit)	(1,000)				

<sup>(</sup>a) From 2010-11, the Government introduced net cash appropriation arrangements. This involved Bill 1 revenue appropriations for the depreciation/amortisation expenses of non-corporate Commonwealth entities (and select corporate Commonwealth entities) were replaced with a separate capital budget (the Departmental Capital Budget, or DCB) provided through Bill 1 equity appropriations. For information regarding DCBs, please refer to Table 3.5 Departmental capital budget statement.

<sup>(</sup>b) Applies to leases under AASB 16 Leases.

Table 3.2: Budgeted departmental balance sheet (as at 30 June)

Table 3.2: Budgeted departme	ental balance	e sheet (as	at 30 June	<b>∌</b> )	
	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25	2025-26	2026-27
	Estimated	Budget	Forward	Forward	Forward
	actual		estimate	estimate	estimate
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
ASSETS					
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	348	348	348	348	348
Trade and other receivables	7,557	7,557	7,557	7,557	7,557
Other financial assets	12	12	12	12	12
Total financial assets	7,917	7,917	7,917	7,917	7,917
Non-financial assets					
Land and buildings	7,729	6,726	5,895	5,112	4,261
Property, plant and equipment	2,513	2,363	2,243	2,128	1,991
Heritage and Cultural	16	16	16	16	16
Intangibles	2,396	2,983	2,823	2,665	2,533
Other non-financial assets	575	575	575	575	575
Total non-financial assets	13,229	12,663	11,552	10,496	9,376
Assets held for sale					
Total assets	21,146	20,580	19,469	18,413	17,293
LIABILITIES					
Payables					
Suppliers	335	335	335	335	335
Tax liabilities	21	21	21	21	21
Other payables	36	36	36	36	36
Total payables	392	392	392	392	392
Interest bearing liabilities					
Leases	7,988	6,906	5,973	5,012	4,158
Total interest bearing liabilities	7,988	6,906	5,973	5,012	4,158
Provisions					
Employee provisions	5,167	5,167	5,167	5,167	5,167
Total provisions	5,167	5,167	5,167	5,167	5,167
Total liabilities	13,547	12,465	11,532	10,571	9,717
Net assets	7,599	8,115	7,937	7,842	7,576
EQUITY		·	·	,	•
Contributed equity	6,099	7,470	8,090	8,717	9,350
Reserves	514	514	514	514	514
Retained surplus (accumulated					
deficit)	986	131	(667)	(1,389)	(2,288)
Total equity	7,599	8,115	7,937	7,842	7,576

Table 3.3: Departmental statement of changes in equity — summary of movement (Budget year 2023-24)

mov ement (Budget year 2023-24)				
	Retained	Asset	Contributed	Total
	earnings	revaluation	equity/	equity
		reserve	capital	
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Opening balance as at 1 July 2023 Balance carried forward from	000	544	0.000	7.500
previous period	986	514	6,099	7,599
Adjusted opening balance	986	514	6,099	7,599
Comprehensive income				
Surplus/(deficit) for the period	(855)	=	=	(855)
Total comprehensive income	(855)	-	-	(855)
of which: Attributable to the Australian Government	(855)			(855)
Transactions with owners	(655)			(000)
Contributions by owners				
Departmental Capital Budget (DCB)	_	-	1,371	1,371
Sub-total transactions with			•	•
owners	-	-	1,371	1,371
Estimated closing balance as at 30 June 2024	131	514	7,470	8,115
Closing balance attributable to the Australian Government	131	514	7,470	8,115

Table 3.4: Budgeted departmental statement of cash flows (for the period ended 30 June)  $\,$ 

30 Julie)					
	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25	2025-26	2026-27
	Estimated	Budget	Forward	Forward	Forward
	actual	<b>A</b> 1000	estimate	estimate	estimate
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Cash received					
Appropriations	22,210	25,270	22,208	22,537	22,935
Sale of goods and rendering of					
services	1,456	1,469	1,469	1,469	1,000
Total cash received	23,666	26,739	23,677	24,006	23,935
Cash used					
Employees	17,034	19,653	17,829	18,562	18,933
Suppliers	5,062	5,533	4,447	3,865	4,109
Interest payments on lease liability	52	36	22	7	39
Total cash used	22,148	25,222	22,298	22,434	23,081
Net cash from/(used by) operating					•
activities	1,518	1,517	1,379	1,572	854
INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Cash used					
Purchase of property, plant and					
equipment and intangibles	582	1,371	620	627	633
Total cash used	582	1,371	620	627	633
Net cash from/(used by) investing					
activities	(582)	(1,371)	(620)	(627)	(633)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Cash received					
Contributed equity	582	1,371	620	627	633
Total cash received	582	1.371	620	627	633
Cash used		,			
Principal payments on lease					
liability	1,518	1,517	1,379	1,572	854
Total cash used	1,518	1,517	1,379	1,572	854
Net cash from/(used by) financing	.,	.,	.,	-,	
activities	(936)	(146)	(759)	(945)	(221)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash		` '	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · ·
held		-	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents at the					
beginning of the reporting period	348	348	348	348	348
Cash and cash equivalents at the					
end of the reporting period	348	348	348	348	348

Table 3.5: Departmental capital budget statement (for the period ended 30 June)

Table Civil 2 opar anionian capital at					,
	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25	2025-26	2026-27
	Estimated	Budget	Forward	Forward	Forward
	actual		estimate	estimate	estimate
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
NEW CAPITAL APPROPRIATIONS					
Capital budget - Bill 1 (DCB)	582	1,371	620	627	633
Total new capital appropriations	582	1,371	620	627	633
Provided for:					
Purchase of non-financial assets	582	1,371	620	627	633
Total items	582	1,371	620	627	633
PURCHASE OF NON-FINANCIAL					
ASSETS					
Funded by capital appropriation - DCB <sup>(a)</sup>	582	1,371	620	627	633
TOTAL	582	1,371	620	627	633
RECONCILIATION OF CASH USED					
TO ACQUIRE ASSETS TO ASSET					
MOVEMENT TABLE					
Total purchases	582	1,371	620	627	633
Total cash used to acquire assets	582	1,371	620	627	633

<sup>(</sup>a) Does not include annual finance lease costs. Includes purchases from current and previous years' Departmental Capital Budgets (DCBs). Does not include annual finance lease costs. Include purchases from current and previous years' Departmental Capital Budgets (DCBs).

Table 3.6: Statement of departmental asset movements (Budget year 2023-24)

•	Asset Category						
	Buildings	Other property,	Heritage and	Computer software	Total		
		plant and	cultural	and			
	\$'000	equipment \$'000	\$'000	intangibles \$'000	\$'000		
As at 1 July 2023	\$ 000	\$ 000	\$ 000	\$ 000	\$ 000		
Gross book value	_	3,529	16	4,690	8,235		
Gross book value - ROU assets	10.740	114	-	-,000	10,854		
Accumulated depreciation/ amortisation and impairment	-	(1,089)	-	(2,294)	(3,383)		
Accumulated depreciation/ amortisation and impairment - ROU							
assets	(3,011)	(41)	-	-	(3,052)		
Opening net book balance	7,729	2,513	16	2,396	12,654		
Capital asset additions Estimated expenditure on new or replacement assets By purchase – appropriation ordinary							
annual services <sup>(a)</sup> By purchase - appropriation ordinary	-	239	-	1,132	1,371		
annual services - ROU assets	435	-	-	-	435		
Total additions	435	239	-	1,132	1,806		
Other movements							
Depreciation/amortisation expense Depreciation/amortisation on ROU	-	(384)	-	(545)	(929)		
assets	(1,438)	(5)	-		(1,443)		
Total other movements	(1,438)	(389)	-	(545)	(2,372)		
As at 30 June 2024							
Gross book value	-	3,768	16	5,822	9,606		
Gross book value - ROU assets Accumulated depreciation/	11,175	114	-	-	11,289		
amortisation and impairment Accumulated depreciation/	-	(1,473)	-	(2,839)	(4,312)		
amortisation and impairment - ROU assets	(4,449)	(46)		<u>-</u> -	(4,495)		
Closing net book balance	6,726	2,363	16	2,983	12,088		

Prepared on Australian Accounting Standards basis.

(a) 'Appropriation ordinary annual services' refers to funding provided through Appropriation Bill (No. 1) 2022-23 for depreciation/amortisation expenses, departmental capital budget or other operational expenses.